

# Essay

## Paragraph 1 Introduction

- The introduction.
- Paraphrase the Issue/Explain the given quote.
- State your Thesis clearly.
- A quick description/instance or supporting the thesis can be given.

## Paragraph 2 Body with supporting detail 1

- Ensure a smooth transition.
- Introduce your best/most relevant example.
- Explain the relevance of the example.
- Justify your example i.e. how it supports your thesis.

## Paragraph 3 Body with supporting detail 2

- Provide a suitable transition.
- Introduce the next example—this should be the second best example and should be somehow different from the first example.
- Explain the relevance of the example.
- Explain how it supports your thesis.

## Paragraph 4 Body with supporting detail 3

- Use a transition word
- Introduce the next example—this example, too, should be somewhat different from the first two example—try not to be repetitive.
- Explain the relevance of the example.
- Explain how it supports your thesis.

## Paragraph 5 Conclusion

- Write an effective conclusion
- Transition is important
- Restate your thesis
- Summarize

# Debating:

3 February

Debates have a strict structure and their own vocabulary.

## STRUCTURE:

### First Speaker, Affirmative:

- Defines the moot, introduces the team and what each member will argue.
- Presents their argument.

### First Speaker, Negative

- Defines the moot, introduces the team and what each member will argue.
- Presents their argument.
- Rebutts First Speaker, Affirmative's points.

### Second Speaker, Affirmative:

- Rebutts First speaker, negative's points
- Presents their argument

### Second Speaker, Negative:

- Rebutts second speaker, affirmative's points
- Presents their argument

### Third Speaker, Affirmative

- Rebutts the whole negative team's argument
- Presents a final 'smack-down' point

### Third Speaker, Negative

- Rebutts the whole Affirmative team's argument
- Presents a final 'smack-down' point

Then the Leader of both teams is present their closing argument: no new points are made

Concluding Statement from the affirmative party- summarise your main points, use some repetitive slogans in your conclusion, and use metaphors.

Concluding Statement from the negative party-summarise your main points, use some repetitive slogans in your conclusion, and use metaphors.

## Report writing